State of New York Commission on Judicial Conduct

In the Matter of the Proceeding Pursuant to Section 44. subdivision 4, of the Judiciary Law in Relation to

JAMES V. BURNS,

Determination a Justice of the Ellery Town Court,

THE COMMISSION:

Chautauqua County.

Henry T. Berger, Esq., Chair Jeremy Ann Brown Stephen R. Coffey, Esq. Lawrence S. Goldman, Esq. Honorable Daniel F. Luciano Honorable Frederick M. Marshall Honorable Juanita Bing Newton Alan J. Pope. Esq. Honorable Eugene W. Salisbury Honorable William C. Thompson

APPEARANCES:

Gerald Stern for the Commission

Philip A. Cala for Respondent

The respondent, James V. Burns, a justice of the Ellery Town Court, Chautaugua County, was served with a Formal Written Complaint dated April 8, 1998, alleging that he operated a car while under the influence of alcohol. Respondent filed an answer dated April 27, 1998.

On September 11, 1998, the administrator of the Commission, respondent and respondent's counsel entered into an Agreed Statement of Facts pursuant to Judiciary Law §44(5), stipulating that the Commission make its determination based on the agreed upon facts, jointly recommending that respondent be admonished and waiving further submissions and oral argument.

On October 1, 1998, the Commission approved the agreed statement and made the following determination.

- 1. Respondent has been a justice of the Ellery Town Court since 1985.
- 2. On July 5. 1996, at 6:10 P.M., respondent was charged with Operating a Motor Vehicle With a Blood Alcohol Content in Excess of .10 Percent and Driving While Intoxicated after he had driven his automobile erratically and crossed the center of the road.
- 3. On December 18, 1997, respondent pleaded guilty to Driving While Ability Impaired in satisfaction of both charges.

Upon the foregoing findings of fact, the Commission concludes as a matter of law that respondent violated the Rules Governing Judicial Conduct, 22 NYCRR 100.1 and 100.2(A). Charge I of the Formal Written Complaint is sustained insofar as it is consistent with the findings herein, and respondent's misconduct is established.

A judge who operates a motor vehicle while his or her ability is impaired by

alcohol violates the law and endangers public safety. (Matter of Henderson, 1995 Ann

Report of NY Commn on Jud Conduct, at 118). Respondent's failure off the bench to

abide by the laws that he is often called upon to apply in court undermines his

effectiveness as a judge. (See, Matter of Wray, 1992 Ann Report of NY Commn on Jud

Conduct, at 77, 80).

By reason of the foregoing, the Commission determines that the appropriate

sanction is admonition.

Mr. Berger, Ms. Brown, Mr. Goldman, Judge Marshall, Judge Newton,

Mr. Pope, Judge Salisbury and Judge Thompson concur.

Mr. Coffey and Judge Luciano were not present.

CERTIFICATION

It is certified that the foregoing is the determination of the State Commission

on Judicial Conduct, containing the findings of fact and conclusions of law required by

Section 44, subdivision 7, of the Judiciary Law.

Dated: October 20, 1998

Henry T. Berger, Esq., Chair

New York State

Commission of Judicial Conduct

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